

DATASHEET

5mm Phototransistor PT334-6B

Features

- Fast response time
- High photo sensitivity
- Pb free
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.
- Copliance with EU REACH
- Compliance Halogen Free. (Br<900 ppm , Cl<900ppm , Br+Cl<1500ppm)

Description

 PT334-6B is a high speed and high sensitive NPN silicon NPN epitaxial planar phototransistor molded in a standard 5 mm package. Due to its Black epoxy the device is sensitive to infrared radiation.

Applications

- Infrared applied system
- Camera
- Printer
- Cockroach catcher



Device Selection Guide

Chip Materials	Lens Color
Silicon	Black

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	30	V
Emitter-Collector-Voltage	V _{ECO}	5	V
Collector Current	I _C	20	mA
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-25~+85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40~ +100	°C
Lead Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260°C for 5sec	°C
Power Dissipation at (or below)	P _c	75	mW
25°C Free Air Temperature			

Notes: *1:Soldering time ≤ 5 seconds.



Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Collector – Emitter Breakdown Voltage	BV _{CEO}	30			V	I _C =100μA Ee=0mW/cm ²
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	BV _{ECO}	5			V	I _E =100μA Ee=0mW/cm ²
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE(sat)}			0.4	V	I _C =2mA Ee=1mW/cm ²
Rise Time	t _r		15		0	V _{CE} =5V
Fall Time	t _f		15		μS	$I_C=1$ mA RL=1000 Ω
Collector Dark Current	I _{CEO}			100	nA	Ee=0mW/cm ² V _{CE} =20V
On State Collector Current	I _{C(on)}	0.7	2.0		mA	Ee=1mW/cm ² V_{CE} =5V λp =940nm
Rang Of Spectral Bandwidth	λ _{0.5}	760		1100	nm	
Wavelength of Peak Sensitivity	λ_{P}		940		nm	

Note:

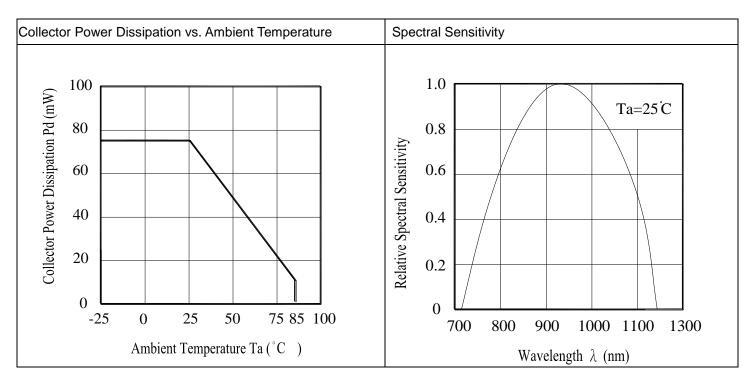
^{*}Measurement Uncertainty of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V

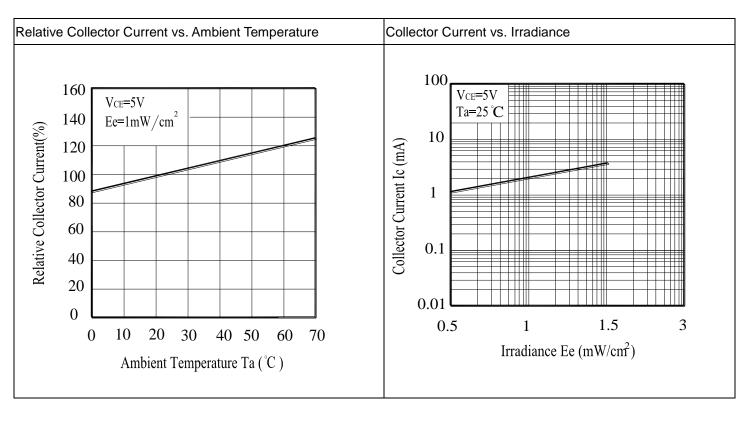
^{*}Measurement Uncertainty of Luminous Intensity: ±10%

^{*}Measurement Uncertainty of Dominant Wavelength ±1.0nm

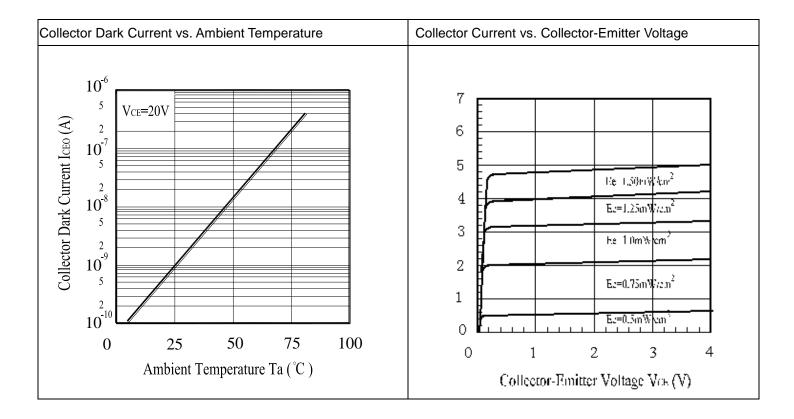


Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves



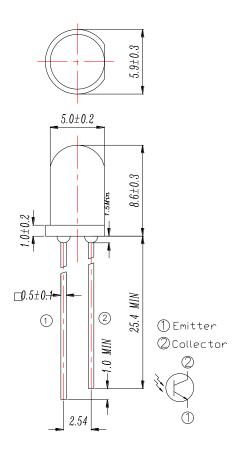








Package Dimension



Note: Tolerances unless dimensions ±0.25mm



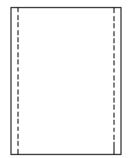
Label Explanation



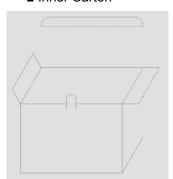
- CPN: Customer's Product Number
- P/N: Product Number
- · QTY: Packing Quantity
- · CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank
- · HUE: Dom. Wavelength Rank
- REF: Forward Voltage Rank
- · LOT No: Lot Number
- X: Month
- · Reference: Identify Label Number

Packing Specification

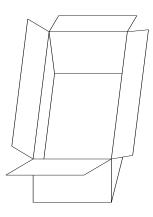
■ Anti-electrostatic bag



■ Inner Carton



■ Outside Carton



- Packing Quantity
 - 1. MIN 200 To 500 PCS/1 Bag, 5 Bags/1 Inner Carton
 - 2. 10 Inner Cartons/1 Outside Carton



Notes

1. Lead Forming

- During lead formation, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb.
- Lead forming should be done before soldering.
- Avoid stressing the LED package during leads forming. The stress to the base may damage the LED's characteristics or it may break the LEDs.
- Cut the LED lead frames at room temperature. Cutting the lead frames at high temperatures may cause failure of the LEDs.
- When mounting the LEDs onto a PCB, the PCB holes must be aligned exactly with the lead position of the LED. If the LEDs are mounted with stress at the leads, it causes deterioration of the epoxy resin and this will degrade the LEDs.

Storage

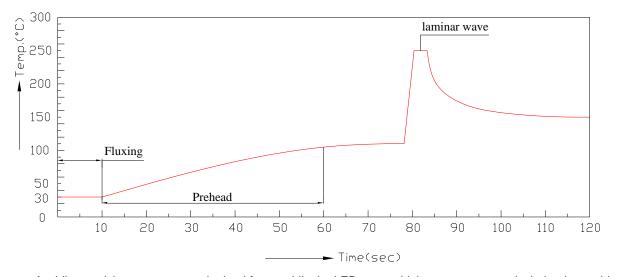
- The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less after being shipped from Everlight and the storage life limits are 3 months. If the LEDs are stored for 3 months or more, they can be stored for a year in a sealed container with a nitrogen atmosphere and moisture absorbent material.
- Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially, in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

3. Soldering

- Careful attention should be paid during soldering. When soldering, leave more then 3mm from solder joint to epoxy bulb, and soldering beyond the base of the tie bar is recommended.
- Recommended soldering conditions:

Hand S	Soldering	DIP Soldering		
Temp. at tip of iron 300°C Max. (30W Max.)		Preheat temp.	100°C Max. (60 sec Max.)	
Soldering time	Soldering time 3 sec Max.		260 Max., 5 sec Max	
Distance 3mm Min.(From solder		Distance	3mm Min. (From solder	
	joint to epoxy bulb)		joint to epoxy bulb)	

■ Recommended soldering profile



- Avoiding applying any stress to the lead frame while the LEDs are at high temperature particularly when soldering.
- Dip and hand soldering should not be done more than one time



- After soldering the LEDs, the epoxy bulb should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- A rapid-rate process is not recommended for cooling the LEDs down from the peak temperature.
 Although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the above table, dip or hand soldering at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.
- Wave soldering parameter must be set and maintain according to recommended temperature and dwell time in the solder wave.

4. Cleaning

- When necessary, cleaning should occur only with isopropyl alcohol at room temperature for a duration of no more than one minute. Dry at room temperature before use.
- Do not clean the LEDs by the ultrasonic. When it is absolutely necessary, the influence of ultrasonic cleaning on the LEDs depends on factors such as ultrasonic power and the assembled condition. Ultrasonic cleaning shall be pre-qualified to ensure this will not cause damage to the LED

5. Heat Management

- Heat management of LEDs must be taken into consideration during the design stage of LED application. The current should be de-rated appropriately by referring to the de-rating curve found in each product specification.
- The temperature surrounding the LED in the application should be controlled. Please refer to the data sheet de-rating curve.

6. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) or surge current (EOS) can damage LEDs.
- An ESD wrist strap, ESD shoe strap or antistatic gloves must be worn whenever handling LEDs.
- All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LEDs plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handing.

DISCLAIMER

- 1. EVERLIGHT reserves the right(s) on the adjustment of product material mix for the specification.
- 2. The product meets EVERLIGHT published specification for a period of twelve (12) months from date of shipment.
- 3. The graphs shown in this datasheet are representing typical data only and do not show guaranteed values.
- 4. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for using outlined in these specification sheets. EVERLIGHT assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets.
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